# The Impact of Globalisation on Culture and Economy

| Pronunciation     | Meaning   | Word   | Pronunciation  | Meaning   |
|-------------------|---|--|--|---|
| /t3:m/            | اصطلاح  | Awareness  | /əˈweə(r)nəs/  | شعور  |
| /ıˈspɛʃəli/       | خاص طور پر  | Interact   | /ˌɪntəˈrækt/   | بات چیت   |
| /'prəʊsɛs/        | عمل   | Interaction  | /ˌɪntərˈækʃən/   | رابط  |
| /ˌɪntəkəˈnɛktɪd/  | مر بوط جرشی / جرا<br>بوا  | Natives  | /'nertivz/   | مقامی لوگ   |
| /ˌintədiˈpɛndənt/ | انحصار  | Accessible   | /əkˈsɛsɪbəl/   | رسائی   |
| /ınˈkriːst/       | بڑھتی ہوئی  | Anime  | /ˈænɪmeɪ/  | متحرك تصاوير  |
| /in'volvz/        | شامل ہونا   | Developed  | /dr'vɛləpt/  | تيار كرده   |
| /ˌintəˈlɪŋkt/     | ے مثلک  | Exposure   | liks pouzo(r)  | نمائش   |
| /i'vents/O        | Jensey Comment  | Narratives   | //nærətɪvz/  | كهانياں   |
| /trendz/          | رجانات  | Dictionaries   | /ˈdɪkʃənəriz/  | لغات  |
| /sig nifikənt/    | خاطر خواہ / قابل<br>ذکر   | Communicating  | /kəˈmjuːnɪkeɪtɪŋ/  | بات چیت   |
| /'impækt/         | اڑ  | Aspects  | /ˈæsˌpɛkts/  | پېلوول پ  |
| /ˈɛlswɛə/         | ب کہیں اور  | Cuisines   | /kwɪˈziːnz/  | کھانوں کی<br>نمائش  |
| /ai'dentifai/     | المار پرچانا  | Diversified  | /dɪˈvɜːsɪfaɪd/   | متنوع   |
| /treist bæk/      | تلاش کی   | Exposed  | /ık'spəʊzd/  | 5.67  |
| /ˈsɔːtɪd/         | . Gezan   | Enriching  | /mˈrɪtʃɪŋ/   | معلوماتى  |
| /ˌsɪstəmˈætɪkli/  | نظام کے تحت   | Appreciate   | /əˈpriːʃieɪt/  | قدركرنا   |
| /'foster/         | استواركرنا  | Diversity  | /dar'va:sıti   | تنوع آ  |
|                   | /ts:m/ /r'spefəli/ /'prəuses/ /, intəkə'nektid/ /, intədi'pendənt/ /in'kri:st/ /in'volvz/ /, intə'linkt/ /r'vents/ /trendz/ /sig'nifikənt/ /'impækt/ /'elsweə/ /ai'dentifai/ /treist bæk/ /'sɔ:tid/ /, sistəm'ætikli/ | /ta:m/  /ri spefəli/ /prəʊses/  / prəʊses/ / intəkə 'nektid/ / yed المحرفة ا | אמרeness  / i 'spefeli/ ישליט ווnteract  / prouses/ Ut Interact  / prouses/ Interact  / mtake 'nektrd/ ואלילילי אין אין אין אין אין אין אין אין אין אי | Awareness   /əˈweə(r)nəs/   /iˈspeʃəli/   איי שלינע   Interact   /imtəˈrækt/   /imtəˈrækt/   /imtəkəˈnɛktɪd/   /imtəkəˈkə   /imtəkəˈkə   /imtəkə   /imtəkətilə   /imtəˈlɪŋkt/   /imtəˈl |

**115** 

خدشه

اینانا

/ə'dppt/

/əd'va:nsız/

Transportation / trænsportelfor

Advances

|  |                         |                               |               |                           | M KAH        |
|--|-------------------------|-------------------------------|---------------|---------------------------|--------------|
| Communication  | /kə mju:nı keisən/      | مواصلات ا                     | Trends        | trandzo                   | ر جانات      |
| Accelerated  | /əkˈsɛləreɪtɪd/         | THE T                         | Heritage      | /'heritid3/               | ورش          |
| Export   | /ˈɛkspɔːt/              | THE                           | Overshadowed  | /ˈəʊvəˈʃædəʊd/            | پیرده        |
| Boost WW   | bust                    | فروغ                          | Embrace       | /im'breis/                | قبول كرنا    |
| Additionally   | /əˈdɪʃənəli/            | اس کے علاوہ                   | Preserving    | /pri'z3:viŋ/              | محفوظ        |
| Foreign  | /ˈforɪn/                | غیر مککی                      | Identity      | /aɪˈdɛntɪti/              | شانت         |
| Invested   | /ın'vɛstɪd/             | سرمایه کاری                   | Facilitate    | /fəˈsɪlɪteɪt/             | فروغ دينا    |
| Impacts  | /'impækts/              | ٦                             | Collaboration | /kə læbə reifən/          | تعاون        |
| Significantly  | /sɪgˈnɪfɪkəntli/        | خاص طور پر<br>/ نمایاں طور پر | Promote       | /prəˈməut/                | فروغ دينا    |
| Enhanced   | /in'ha:nst/             | 7%                            | Expanded      | /ık'spændid/              | برهاديا      |
| Benefit  | /'benifit/              | فائده                         | Opportunities | /ˌɒpəˈtjuːnɪtiz/          | مواقع        |
| Capital  | /ˈkæpɪtəl/              | سرمايي                        | Enhanced      | in ha nst O               | فروغ الله    |
| Contributing   | /kənˈtrɪbjuːtɪŋ/        | هد مدفواتم                    | Posing        | pəuziŋ/                   | پیداہوۓ      |
| nfrastructure  | 'infrapstraktjar        | بنیادی ڈھانچے                 | Related       | /rɪˈleɪtɪd/               | يع ا         |
| Economic Construction of the construction of t | /ˌiːkəˈnɒmɪk<br>ˈgrəυθ/ | معاشی<br>ترقی/اقصادی<br>نمو   | Inequality    | /ˌɪnɪˈkwɒləti/            | عدم ماوات    |
| Expansion  | /iks'pænʃən/            | وسعت                          | Literacy      | /ˈlɪtərəsi/               | خواندگی      |
| ocal   | /ˈləʊkəl/               | مقاى                          | Ethical       | /ˈεθɪkəl/                 | اخلاقی       |
| rospects   | /'prospekts/            | امكانات                       | Bridging      | /'bridʒiŋ/                | فتمرك        |
| Access   | "æksɛs/                 | رسائی                         | Aspects       | /ˈæsˌpɛkts/<br>(repeated) | پېلوول       |
| nstantly   | "instantli/             | فوری                          | Mitigating    | /'mitigeitin/             | 7            |
| mpacted  | ım'pæktıd/              | ולום                          | Appreciate    | /əˈpriːʃieɪt/             | قدر          |
| roaden /   | 'bro:dən/ .             | وسيج                          | Encourages    | In kandar Of              | حوصله افزالی |
| ritically /  | 'krītīkli/              | التقليد في طورير              | Contribute    | /kənˈtrɪbjuːt/            | حصه ڈالنا    |

# The Impact of Globalisation on Culture and Economy

عالمگیریت کے ثقافت اور معیشت پر اثر اسکس

1. Globalisation is a term that we often hear, especially in discussions about how the world is becoming more interconnected. Globalisation is the process by which countries, economies, and cultures become interconnected and interdependent through increased communication, trade, exchange of ideas. It involves integration of markets, technologies, and policies, leading to a more connected and interlinked world. This means that events or trends in one part of the world can have significant impact elsewhere It is hard to identify an exact time when globalisation began, but it can be traced back in history and sorted systematically to create a timeline. This is useful for understanding when nations started to foster relationships with one another. Advances in technology, transportation, and communication have accelerated this process, making it easier for people and goods to move across borders. Globalisation has opened up new markets for the Pakistani products. We export textiles, rice, and sports goods to countries all over the world. This has helped boost up our economy and create jobs. Additionally, companies have invested foreign Pakistan, bringing in capital and technology that have improved our industries?

1۔ عالمگیریت ایک ایک اصطلاح ہے جوہم اکثر سنتے ہیں، خاص طور پراس بات پر بات چیت کے دوران کہ دنیا کسے آپس میں جڑی ہوئی ہے۔ عالمگیریت وہ عمل ہے جس کے ذریعے ممالک، معیشتیں، اور ثقافتیں بڑھتی ہوئی مواصلات، تجارت، اور خیالات کے تبادلے کے ذریع ایک دوسرے سے جراتی اور انحصار کرتی ہیں۔ اس عمل میں منڈلوں، ٹیکنالو جیز، اور پالیسیوں کا انضام شامل ہے، جس سے دنیا کو زیادہ جڑا ہو ہاور منسلک بنایا جارہاہے۔ اس کا مطلب ے کہ ونیا کے کسی اك هے ميں رونا ہوك ورك واقعات كالجانية كا خاطر خواوا الله کہیں اور بھی محسوس ہو سکتا ہے۔ عالمگیریت کا آغاز کے ہوا، الل کے صحیح وقت کی نشاند ہی بہت مشکل ہے، لیکن یہ تاریخ میں تلاش کی جا سکتی ہے اور ایک نظام کے تحت وقت کا صحیح تعین کر کے سمجھی جاسکتی ہے۔ یہ سمجھنا مفیدے کہ قوموں نے کب ایک دوسرے کے ساتھ تعلقات استوار کرناشروع کیے۔ ٹیکنالوجی، ٹرانسپورٹ، اور مواصلات میں ترقی نے اس عمل کو تیز کر دیاہے، جس سے لو گول اور اشیاء کا سر حدول کے یار آنا جانا آسان ہو گیا ہے۔ عالمگیریت نے یاکتانی مصنوعات کے لیے نئی منڈیوں کو کھولاہے۔ ہم کپڑے، چاول، اور کھیلوں کا سامان دنیا بھر کے ممالک میں برآمد کرتے ہیں۔اس نے ہماری معیشت کو فروغ دینے اور روز گار کے مواقع پیدا کرنے میں ہاری مدو کی ایک کی باری کی خیر ملکی سینیوں نے پاکستان میں سرمایہ کاری ک ہے، جس سے سرمایہ اور ٹیکنالوجی میں اضافہ اموا ک صنعتوں کو بہتر بنایا ہے۔

- Globalisation impacts Pakistan's economy significantly through enhanced trade and investment. On the trade front, it opens up international markets for the Pakistani like textiles exports agricultural products, while also providing access to a wide range of imported goods that benefit consumers and industries. On the investment side, foreign direct investment, especially through initiatives like CPEC, brings crucial capital, technology, and job opportunities, contributing to infrastructure development and economic growth.
- 3. Globalisation leads to the expansion of industries by providing access to larger markets. With globalisation, many multinational companies have set up their operations in Pakistan. This has created new job opportunities, especially in the sectors like information technology, telecommunication, and manufacturing. These jobs often offer better pays and working conditions than the local companies.
- 4. Globalisation increases the demand for skilled labor to manage and operate advanced technologies and systems. This can lead to higher wages and better job prospects for skilled workers.
- 5. Digital globalisation has made it possible for people to access information from around the world instantly. It has significantly impacted cultural exchange, especially for young learners. Students can learn about different cultures, traditions, and histories through websites, videos, and online articles. This access helps broaden their understanding of the world and promotes cultural awareness.

2۔ بہتر تجارت اور سرمایہ کاری فراصے مالکیں کا باش پاکستانی برا والت معیشت پر پڑتا ہے۔ تجارت کے حوالے سے بہا پاکستانی برا والت جیسے کہ کپڑے اور زرعی مصنوعات کے لیے بین الا قوای منڈیاں کھولتی ہے، جبکہ صارفین اور صنعتوں کو مختلف اقسام کی درآ مدی اشیاء تک رسائی فراہم کرتی ہے جو صارفین اور صنعتوں کو فائدہ پہنچاتی ہے۔ سرمایہ کاری کے شعبے میں، غیر ملکی براہ راست سرمایہ کاری، خاص طور پرسی پیک جیسے منصوبوں کے ذریعے، اہم سرمایہ، ٹیکنالوجی خاص طور پرسی پیک جیسے منصوبوں کے ذریعے، اہم سرمایہ، ٹیکنالوجی اور معیشت میں نموہوتی ہے۔ اور معیشت میں نموہوتی ہے۔

3۔ عالمگیریت بڑی منڈیوں تک رسائی فراہم کر کے صنعتوں کو وسعت دینے کا باعث بنتی ہے۔ عالمگیریت کے ذریعے کئی کثیر القومی کمپنیاں پاکستان میں اپنے آپریشنز قائم کر چکی ہیں۔ خاص طور پر انفار میشن ٹیکنالو بھی میالی نیکیشن اور میں وفیج بگ جیسے شعبوں میں روزگار کے نئے مواقع پیدا ہوئے ہیں۔ اپیا ملائم کی الارتحاقی میں روزگار کے نئے مواقع پیدا ہوئے ہیں۔ اپیا ملائم کی الارتحاقی ہیں۔ کمپنیوں کے مقابلے میں بہتر تنخواہیں اور کام کے حالات فراہم کری ہیں۔

4۔ عالمگیریت ہنر مند مز دوروں کی طلب میں اضافہ کرتی ہے اور جدید ٹیکنالو جیز اور نظاموں کو چلاتی ہے۔ اس سے ہنر مند افراد کے لیے بہتر اجرت اور ملازمت کے امکانات پیداہو سکتے ہیں۔

5۔ ویجیٹل عالمگیریت نے دنیا بھر کی معلومات تک فوری رسائی کو ممکن بنایا ہے۔ اس نے ثقافتی تبادلے پر نمایاں اثرات مرتب کیے ہیں، خاص طور پر نوجوان طلباء کے لیے۔ طلباء مختلف ثقافتوں، روایات اور تاریخوں کے بارے میں ویب سائٹس، ویڈیوز، اور آن لائن مضامین کے ذریعے جال کی میں میرسائی ان کی دنیا کے بارے میں سمجھ ہو جھ وسیع کرتی ہے اور ثقافتی شعور کو فروغ وی ہے۔

6. Social media platforms like Instagram, Facebook, Twitter, and TikTok allow people from different cultures to interact and share their daily lives. This interaction helps natives of a country see how people in other countries live, celebrate holidays, and face challenges, promoting empathy and understanding.

7. TV shows, documentaries and video games from various countries are now easily accessible.

7۔ ٹی وی شوز ، ڈاکیو منٹریز اور مختلف ممالک کی ویڈیو گیمز تک رسائی اب آسان ہے۔

8. Digital tools like language learning apps and online dictionaries make it easier for students to learn new languages. This skill not only helps in communicating with people from different cultures but also in understanding their literature, values, and other cultural aspects more deeply. Exposure to global fashion trends and international cuisines has diversified local tastes. People in Pakistan now have access to a wide range of clothing styles and foods from different parts of the world.

8۔ و یجینل و الرافیل کی بھنے کی ایکی کیشند اور آن لائن و کشنریوں نے طلباء کے لیے نئی زبانیں سیمنا آسان نا ویا کہا گہا ہے اور اس کے ساتھ بات چیت میں مدو الرق ہے ہم اللہ ان کی ادب،اقداروں، اور دیگر ثقافتی پہلوؤں کو بہتر طور پر سیمجھنے میں بھی معاون ہے۔ گلوبل فیشن کے رجحانات اور بین الا توامی کھانوں کی نمائش نے مقامی ذوق کو متنوع بنا دیا ہے۔ پاکستان میں لوگوں کو اب دنیا کے مختلف حصول سے ملبوسات کی وسیع اقسام اور کھانے پینے کی اشیاء تک رسائی حاصل ہے۔

9. Through globalisation, the Pakistanis are exposed to different cultures, ideas, and lifestyles. This cultural exchange can be enriching, helping us learn about and appreciate diversity.

9۔ عالمگیریت کے ذریعے پاکتانیوں کو مختلف ثقافتوں، خیالات، اور طرززندگی سے آگاہی حاصل ہوتی ہے۔ یہ ثقافتی تبادلہ معلوماتی ہو سکتا ہے۔ اور ہمیں تنوع کی قدر کرنا سکھاتا ہے۔

10. On the flip side, there is a concern that globalization might lead to the erosion of traditional Pakistani culture. As people adopt global trends, some fear that our unique cultural practices, languages, and

10۔ کو اپناتے ہیں، پچھ لوگوں کو خدشہ ہوتا ہے کہ جاری مظیم

heritage might be overshadowed. It's important to find a balance where we can embrace global influences while preserving our own cultural identity.

11. The internet and social media have played a major role in globalization. They have made it easier to connect with people worldwide, share our culture, and learn about others. Digital platforms like social media, messaging apps, and video conferencing tools enable instant communication across the globe. Digital tools facilitate international collaboration in education, business, science, and the arts, allowing people from different cultures to work together and share ideas.

12. Digital platforms allow individuals and communities to create and share content that reflects their own cultures, traditions, and stories. This can help preserve and promote local cultures globall Digital globalization has expanded access to education through online courses, webinars, and classrooms. Students can learn about different cultures and subjects international educators.

13. Digital globalisation has transformed media and communication. creating opportunities. for enhanced cultural exchange and understanding while also posing challenges related to cultural homogenisation, misinformation, inequality. By promoting digital literacy, supporting local content, ensuring ethical standards, and bridging the digital divide, we can harness the positive aspects of digital globalization while mitigating its negative effects.

ثقافتی روایات، زبانیل اوروری پس پرده کیلا چاہے گا۔ اس لیے ضروری ہے کہ ہم عالمی اثرات کو قبول کرتے ہوئے اپنی ثقافی شاخت کو محفوظ رکھیں۔

11۔ انٹرنیٹ اور سوشل میڈیانے عالمگیریت میں اہم کردارادا کیا ہے۔ ان کے ذریع دنیا بھر کے لوگوں سے جڑنا، اپنی ثقافت کا اشتراک کرنا، اور دوسروں کے بارے میں جاننا زیادہ آسان ہوگیا ہے۔ ڈیجیٹل پلیٹ فار مز جیسے سوشل میڈیا، میں جنگ ایپس، اور ویڈیو کا نفر نسنگ ٹولز فوری رابطے کو دنیا بھر میں ممکن بناتے ہیں۔ ڈیجیٹل ٹولز تعلیم، کاروبار، سائنس، اور فنون میں بین الا قوامی تعاون کو فروغ دیتے ہیں، جس سے مختلف ثقافتوں کے لوگوں کو ایک ساتھ کام کرنے اور خیالات بانٹے کاموقع ماتا ہے۔

13۔ ڈیجیٹل عالمگیریت نے میڈیا اور مواصلات میں تبدیلی لائی ہے، جس سے بہتر ثقافتی تبادلے اور اس کے شعور کے مواقع پیدا ہوئے ہیں، جبکہ ثقافتی کیسانیت، غلط معلومات، اور عدم مساوات جیسے مسائل بھی پیدا ہوئے ہیں۔ ڈیجیٹل خواندگی کو فروغ دے کر، مقامی مواد کی جمایت کر کے، اخلاقی معیارات کو یقینی بناکر، اور ڈیجیٹل تقسیم کو ختم کر کے، ہم ڈیجیٹل کا کہ کیسے ہیں۔ کو ختم کر کے، ہم ڈیجیٹل کا کہ کیسے ہیں۔ کو ختم کر کے، ہم کو کم کرسکتے ہیں۔

14. Globalization is a powerful force that has brought significant changes to Pakistan's economy and culture. While it has opened up new opportunities for trade, investment, and cultural exchange, it also presents challenges that need to be carefully managed. By finding a balance, Pakistan can benefit from globalization while maintaining its unique cultural identity and ensuring economic stability.

15. As young students, understanding the impact of globalization helps us appreciate the **complexities** of our world. It encourages us to think critically about how we can contribute to a global society while staying true to our roots.

14۔ عاملیریت ایک طافتہ قری ہے جہاں اس سے معیشت اوہ شافت میں اہم تبدیلیاں لائی ہے۔ جہاں اس سے معیشت اوہ کاری، اور ثقافتی تبادلے کے نئے مواقع پیدا کیے ہیں، وہیں اس کے ساتھ آزما نشیں بھی ہیں جن سے احتیاط سے خمٹنے کی ضرورت ہے۔ توازن ہر قرار رکھتے ہوئے پاکستان عالمگیریت سے فائدہ اٹھا سکتا ہے اور ساتھ ہی اپنی منفر و ثقافتی شاخت کو ہر قرار رکھتے ہوئے معاشی اور ساتھ ہی اپنی منفر و ثقافتی شاخت کو ہر قرار رکھتے ہوئے معاشی استحام کو یقینی بناسکتا ہے۔

15۔ بحیثیت نوجوان طلباء، عالمگیریت کے اثرات کی سمجھ بوجھ ہمیں دنیا کی پیچید گیوں کی قدر کرنے میں مدد دیتی ہے۔ یہ ہمیں اس بات پر تنقیدی طور پر سوچنے کی حوصلہ افزائی کرتی ہے کہ ہم کیسے اپنی بنیادوں سے جڑے رہتے ہوئے ایک عالمگیر معاشرے میں اپنا حصہ ڈال سکتے ہیں۔

Theme

Globalisation has significantly reshaped Pakistan's economy by enhancing trade and creating job opportunities, yet it poses challenges for local businesses facing international competition. Culturally, it fosters a rich exchange of ideas and lifestyles, though it also risks overshadowing traditional practices. Balancing these influences is crucial for maintaining economic stability and cultural identity.

#### Glossary

| Words         | Meanings  |
|---------------|---|
| Appreciate    | To recognize the good qualities of somebody/something   |
| Communication | The activity or process of expressing ideas and feelings or of giving people information  |
| Complexities  | The state of being formed of many parts; the state of being difficult to understand   |
| Crucial       | Extremely important   |
| Economy       | The relationship between production, trade and the supply of money in a particular country or region  |
| Empathy       | The ability to understand another person's feelings, experience, etc.   |
| Erosion       | The process by which the surface of something is gradually destroyed through the action of wind, rain, etc.   |
| Globalisation | The fact that different cultures and economic systems around the world are becoming connected and similar to each other because of the influence of large multinational companies and of improved communication |

| Harness        | A set of narrow pieces of leather and metal pieces that is put around   |
|----------------|---|
|                | the head and body of an animal, especially a horse, so that the   |
|                | animal can be controlled and fastened to a carriage, etc.   |
| Homogenization | The process of making things uniform or similar   |
| Integration    | The act or process of combining two or more things so that they work together   |
| Interconnected | To connect similar things; to be connected to or with similar things  |
| Misinformation | The act of giving wrong information about something; the wrong information that is given  |
| Opportunities  | Time when a particular situation makes it possible to do or achieve something   |
| Preserve       | To keep a particular quality, feature, etc.; to make sure that something is kept  |
| Technology     | Scientific knowledge used in practical ways in industry, for example in designing new machines  |
| Trade          | The activity of buying and selling or of exchanging goods or services between people or countries   |
| Tradition      | A belief, custom or way of doing something that has existed for a long time among a particular group of people; a set of these beliefs or customs |
| Wages          | A regular amount of money that you earn, usually every week or every month, for work or services  |

# Words/ Sentences

| Worlds         | Sentences  |
|----------------|--|
| Interact       | It's fun to interact with friends during playtime.                 |
| Interconnected | All the lights in the house are interconnected through one switch. |
| Accessible     | The park is easily accessible because it's close to our house.     |
| Trends         | Wearing colorful shoes is one of the latest trends.                |
| Elsewhere      | We couldn't find the book in the room, so we looked elsewhere.     |
| Cuisines       | I love trying different cuisines like Italian and Chinese food.    |
| Traced back    | The teacher traced back the mistake to the very first page.        |
| Systematically | She systematically arranged her books from biggest to smallest.    |
| Appreciate     | We should always appreciate the help we get from others.           |
| Diversity      | The zoo has a great diversity of animals.                          |
| Overshadowed   | The big tree overshadowed the small flowers growing under it.      |
| Boost          | A good breakfast can boost your energy for the day.                |

| Invested       | He invested in his uncle's jam business.                 |  |  |  |  |
|----------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| Collaboration  | He completed the task in collaboration with his friends. |  |  |  |  |
| Infrastructure | The improved infrastructure made the city beautiful.     |  |  |  |  |

#### Exercise

Reading and Critical Thinking

A. Answer the following questions:

1. What is globalisation and how does it promote economic growth? 09608001

Ans. Globalisation and Economic Growth Globalisation is the process by which countries, economies, and cultures become interconnected and interdependent through increased communication, trade, and exchange of ideas. It involves the integration of markets, technologies, and policies, leading to a more connected and interlinked world.

2. How has globalisation impacted Pakistan's economy in terms of trade and investment?

Ans. Globalisation and Pakistan's Economy

In terms of trade and investment, globalisation has helped Pakistan's imports and exports boost up by opening up international markets for the products. Through initiavies like CPEC, it has increased foreign investment in Pakistan which has improved technology and increased employment.

3. What are some of the new job opportunities created in Pakistan as a result of globalisation? 09608003

Ans. New Job Opportunities in Pakistan In Pakistan, as a result of globalization, new jobs have been created in sectors like information technology,

telecommunications, and manufacturing.

4. What is cultural exchange, and how does it benefit people?

Openson

Ans. Cultural Exchange and its Benefits

People of different countries share their ideas, traditions and histories through digital

globalization. This is called cultural exchange. The cultural exchange benefits people and help them broaden their understanding of the world which promotes cultural awareness.

5. What concerns are raised about the preservation of traditional Pakistani culture in the context of globalisation?

Ans. Concerns about the Preservation of Pakistani Culture

There is a concern that through globalization, Pakistani culture may be overshadowed by global trends which may put its unique cultural practices, languages, and heritage at risk. So the need is to find a balanced global influences while preserving the traditional Pakistani culture.

6. How has globalisation expanded access to information for students?

09608006

Ans. Access to Information for Students
Through digital platforms like social media,
messaging apps, video conferencing tools,
online courses, webinars and virtual
classrooms, globalization has expanded
access to information for students
worldwide.

7. How does learning about diverse perspectives benefit students? 09608007

Ans. Learning about Diverse Perspectives

Learning about diverse perspectives benefits students a lot. It develops cultural awareness, empathy, and a deeper understanding of global issues and encourages critical thinking.

8. How can understanding globalisation help the young Pakistani students

contributing to their country's future? 09608008

Ans. Understanding Globalisation and Country's Future

Understanding globalisation helps young Pakistani students understand the impact of globalization which make them appreciate the complexities of our world. It sharpens the critical thinking of students about balancing global influences while staying true to their roots and culture.

#### Additional **Ouestions / Answers**

1. What does "digital globalization" refer to, based on the introduction?

Ans. Globalisation is the process by which countries, economies, and cultures become interconnected and interdependent through increased communication, trade, and exchange of ideas.

- 2. How does globalization facilitate labour mobility?

  Ans. Globalisation leads to the expansion of industries by providing access to larger markets. This has created new job opportunities. These jobs often offer better pay and working conditions than local companies. Hence, they facilitate labour mobility.
- 3. How does globalization contribute to educational exchange?

  Ans. Globalization, through internet and media, has made it easier to connect with people worldwide. Moreover, through digital platforms like social media, messaging apps, online courses, webinars, virtual classrooms and video conferencing tools, globalization has facilitated the educational exchange.

What are some neducational created opportunities digital by globalization? 09608012 Ans. Digital globalization has created educational opportunities through online webinars, and virtual courses. classrooms.

- B. Choose the correct option.
- 1. What is globalisation based on the text?
- a. increased isolation of countries
- b. enhanced connectivity and interdependence
- c. strict regulations of international trade
- d. limited exchange of ideas and technologies
- 2. How does globalisation primarily impact Pakistan's economy, according to the text? 09608014
- a. by increasing barriers to international trade
- b. By reducing access to imported goods
- exports up international markets for
- d. by decreasing foreign direct investment
- 3. How do digital tools primarily impact students, according to the text? 09608015
- a. by restricting access to language learning
- b. by promoting cultural isolation
- c. by facilitating easier language learning
- d. by limiting exposure to global trends
- 4. According to the text, what is a potential concern regarding the impact of globalisation on Pakistani culture?

  09608016
- a. increased preservation of cultural practices
- b. enriching cultural exchange
- c. erosion of traditional pakistani culture
- d. limited exposure to global influences
- 5. How have digital platforms primarily contributed to globalisation, according to the text? 09608017
- a. by limiting international communication

b. by restricting access to education

c. by enabling instant global communication,

d. by reducing cultural exchange

6. What are the strategies to harness the positive aspects of digital globalisation while mitigating its negative effects?

a. promoting digital literacy and supporting local content

b. encouraging cultural homogenisation and spreading misinformation

c. ignoring ethical standards and widening the digital divide

d. limiting opportunities for cultural exchange and understanding

7. What is the key challenge for Pakistan managing the effects of globalisation? 09608019

a. ignoring new opportunities for trade and investment

b. finding a balance between benefiting from globalisation and maintaining its unique cultural identity and economic stability

c. completely avoiding cultural exchange with other countries

d. focusing solely on cultural changes while neglecting economic opportunities

### Vocabulary

#### Anagram

MANAN

An 'anagram' is a word or a phrase that is formed by rearranging the letters of another word or phrase. Example: cat = act, arc = car, silent = listen.

A. Use the glossary words in sentences of your own.

09608020

| Words          | Sentences 6 CO   |
|----------------|--|
| Appreciate     | Sir Sarfraz always appreciates my efforts.                                   |
| communication  | Social media is very fast way of communication.                              |
| complexities   | There are many complexities in this question.                                |
| Crucial        | Exports are crucial for economic development.                                |
| Economy        | Exports are necessary for the development of an economy.                     |
| Empathy        | He has a lot of empathy for disabled children.                               |
| Erosion        | Globalisation brings about the erosion of traditions of many countries.      |
| globalization  | Globalization and erosion of traditions are interconnected.                  |
| Harness        | Solar energy can be harnessed to produce electricity.                        |
| homogenisation | Media is the cause of homogenization of cultures in the world.               |
| Integration    | He made efforts for the integration of new staff members into the company.   |
| interconnected | Globalization and erosion of traditions are interconnected.                  |
| misinformation | Sometimes media spreads misinformation.                                      |
| opportunities  | There are lots of opportunities for educated persons in developed countries. |
| Preserve       | We should try to preserve our natural resources.                             |
| Technology     | Artificial intelligence has revolutionized the technology.                   |
| Trade          | Our trade with other countries is increasing every year.                     |
| Tradition      | I love Pakistani culture and tradition.                                      |
| Wages          | Wages should increase because of inflation.                                  |

B. Make as many words as possible by using the letters of the following words: 09608021

1. Globalisation Four Letter words; blog logs, balls

Five & Six Letter words: nation, global, lasing

2. Integration Four Letter words: rate, aoen, agon

Five & Six Letter words: agent, grate, ration, rating

3. Information Four Letter words: Rain, Tain, Iron, Gate

Five & Six Letter words or more: Inform, Informant, frontman, monition

- 4. homogenisation Nine Letter words: smoothing, something, negation Eleven Letter words: geminations, smoothening
- 5. Communication Ten Letter words: Ammunition, iconomatic Eleven Letter words: communicant, comminution, commination

#### Grammar

#### Sentence Structure Sentence

A sentence is a group of words that expresses a complete thought. It typically contains a subject (who or what the sentence is about) and a predicate (what is said about the subject). Sentence must start with a capital letter and end with a punctuation mark such as a period (.), question mark (!). Example

1. The cat slept on the couch.

2. Flowers bloom in spring.

3. The sun is shining, so we have decided to go for a picnic.

4. The cat, which was very old, slept peacefully on the couch. 09608022

Structure of a Simple Sentence

A simple sentence structure contains a subject, and a verb and it may also have an object.

**Examples** 

The cat (subject) chased (verb) the mouse (object).

She (subject) reads (verb) a book (object). The teacher (subject) explains (verb) the lesson (object).

A. Read the given paragraph carefully and identify the subject, verb, and object in each sentence. Underline the

subject once, the verb twice, and circle the object.

Yesterday, Zaarah and her friends visited the new museum in town They explored various exhibits and learned about ancient civilizations. The tour guide explained the history of each artifact in great detail. Afterward, Zaarah bought a souvenir from the gift shop. Her friends admired the beautiful paintings and sculptures on display. Everyone enjoyed the visit and promised to return soon.

Complex sentences

A complex sentence is a sentence that contains one independent clause and at least one dependent (or subordinate) clause. The independent clause can stand alone as a complete sentence, while the dependent clause cannot. Dependent clauses are introduced by subordinating conjunctions such as because, although, since, if, when, while, and so on.

Examples

1. Because it was raining we stayed indoors.

A. Dependent Clause: Bécause it was raining

B. Independent Clause: we stayed indoors

- 2. When the bell rang, the students left the classroom.
- · Dependent Clause: When the bell rang
- Independent Clause: the students left the classroom

B. Identify the complex sentences within the paragraph and underline the subordinate clauses.

I woke up early this morning because the sunlight was streaming through my window. After rubbing the sleep from my eyes, I decided to go for a jogging in the park nearby. Despite the chilly breeze, I enjoyed the fresh air and the sound of birds chirping in the trees. While running, I saw my friend Sarah, who waved and joined me for a few laps around the park. Because we both love exercising outdoors, we often meet up for morning runs. After our jog, we sat on a bench and talked about our plans for the weekend. Although it was still early, the park was bustling with people walking their dogs and children playing on the playground equipment. Finally, we said goodbye and promised to meet again.

# Complex Sentences

1 I woke up early this morning because the sunlight was streaming through my window.

- After rubbing the sleep from my eyes, I decided to go for a jogging in the park nearby.
- While running, I saw my friend Sarah, who waved and joined me for a few laps around the park.
- 4 Because we both love exercising outdoors, we often meet up for morning runs.
- Although it was still early, the park was bustling with people walking their dogs and children playing on the playground equipment.
- C. Write at least five examples of complex sentences in your lown notebook, underline the independent

clauses and circle the dependent clauses (subordinate clauses). 09608027

**Complex Sentences** 

(Independent clauses are underlined and Dependent clauses are bold.)

- 1. He was happy because his brother won the race.
- 2. Although his friends admired him, he didn't continue his work.
- 3. If you work hard, you will succeed.
- 4. He did not go for shopping as he had no money.
- 5. He did not qualify for the interview because he could not prepare for that.

**Writing Skills** 

A. Read the passage carefully and write a precis, reducing each to one third with a suitable title.

1. Title: The Importance and Challenges of Renewable Energy

Renewable energy sources like solar, wind, and hydroelectric power are vital for combating climate change due to their sustainability and environmental impact compared to fuels. Governments and companies are investing significantly in these technologies to promote a greener future. However, the transition faces challenges such as high initial costs and the need for better energy storage solutions for reliable power supply.

2. Title: The Beauty and Importance of Nature 09608030

Nature is a vital and beautiful part of our lives, providing essential resources like clean air, fresh water, and fertile soil. The natural world, from forests to oceans, offers inspiration and a calming effect, promoting well-being. However, to preserve nature's beauty and resources for future generations, we must reduce pollution, conserve

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habitats, and adopt sustainable practices.

3. Title: The Vital Role of Education in

Education is essential for societal development, providing individuals with knowledge and skills necessary for personal and economic advancement. It fosters employment opportunities, reduces poverty, and promotes social cohesion through values like tolerance and cooperation. By accessing quality education, individuals can make informed choices and pursue their goals, contributing to innovation and

cultural growth within their communities.

Title: The Importance of Healthy
Eating 09608032

Healthy eating is essential for overall well-being and disease prevention. A balanced diet with fruits, vegetables, whole grains, and lean proteins provides vital nutrients, supporting bodily functions and energy. Poor dietary choices, like excessive sugar and unhealthy fats, can lead to chronic health issues. Adopting healthy eating habits improves physical, mental, and emotional health, enhancing quality of life.

# **Objective** Type

Choose the word with correct spellings.

09608033

| Sr.   | (A)             | (B)                 | ULU (S) (S).  | (D)           |
|-------|-----------------|---------------------|---------------|---------------|
| i.    | Accesible S     | Acessible           | Accessible \  | Accesseble    |
| ii.   | Aspects         | Acepects            | Aspacts       | Asppects      |
| iii.  | Broden          | Broadan             | Broaddan      | Broaden /     |
| iv.   | Collaboration < | Colaboration        | Collaborasion | Collaboration |
| v.    | Comunication    | Communication <     | Cummunication | Cumunication  |
| vi.   | Cuisines ✓      | Cusines             | Cuisenes      | Cuizines      |
| vii.  | Dictioneries    | <b>Dictionaries</b> | Dictionnaries | Dictionarize  |
| viii. | Elsewhere <     | Alsewhere           | Elsewheire    | Elsewhore     |
| ix.   | Inhanced        | Enhanced√           | Enhanzed      | Enhenced      |
| x.    | Enreching       | Enrichinge          | Enreeching .  | Enriching 🗸   |
| xi.   | Especially Vo   | Aspecially          | Expecially    | Especialy     |

|        |                  |                |                | ~ (C)          |
|--------|------------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|
| xii.   | Expension        | Expantion      | Expansion 7    | Xpansion X     |
| xiii.  | Empacted         | Impacted V     | Impected ,     | Impactid       |
| xiv.   | Inequality       | Unequality     | Enequality     | Inequalete     |
| xv.    | Intaraction      | Intraction     | Interction     | Interaction ✓  |
| xvi.   | Intardependent   | Interdepandent | Interdependent | Interdependant |
| xvii.  | Mitigating ✓     | Metigating     | Metegating     | Mittigating    |
| xviii. | Ovarshadowed     | Overshedowed   | Ourshadowed    | Overshadowed   |
| xix.   | Segnificant      | Significant ✓  | Signeficant    | Significent    |
| xx.    | Systematically < | Sistematically | Sestematically | Systematicaly  |

# Synonyms

Choose the correct meaning of the underlined word.

09608034

| Sr.  | Questions  |            | (B)        | (C)         | (D)         |
|------|--|------------|------------|-------------|-------------|
| i.   | Technology thas  significant impact on our social life. The synonym of the underlined word is:   | little     | huge√      | unimportant | Ignorable   |
| ii.  | Globalisation leads to the <u>expansion</u> of industry.  The synonym of the underlined word is: | shift      | investment | destruction | growth✓     |
| iii. | This can lead to higher wages. The synonym of the underlined word is:                            | labour     | hard-work  | earnings√   | Importance  |
| iv.  | Social media promotes  empathy and understanding.  The synonym of the underlined word is:        | compassion | cruelty    | reality C   | Advancement |

後129分

|       | <b>计划的基本的数据数据数据数据数据数据数据数据数据数据数据数据数据数据数据数据数据数据数据</b>   |             | <b>第二次,为10万万万万万万万万万万万万万万万万万万万万万万万万</b> | ~            | AHON         |
|-------|---|-------------|--|--------------|--------------|
| v.    | Globalisation might lead to erosion of traditional Pakistani culture.  The synonym of the underlined word is: | improvement | decay                                  | advancement  | Exploitation |
| vi.   | On the <b>flip</b> side, there is a concern.  The synonym of the underlined is:                               | worst       | Problematic                            | better       | opposite√    |
| vii.  | Digital tools facilitate the <u>collaboration</u> in education.  The synonym of the underlined word is:       | collapse    | coordination                           | Indifference | Promotion    |
| viii. | The antonym of 'facilitate' is:   | Rotate      | obstruct√                              | Relate       | Destroy      |
| ix.   | The antonym of 's virtual' is:  | Alone       | unauthentic                            | unreal       | Physical ~   |
| X.    | The antonym of 's preserve' is:   | reserve C   | Protect                                | destroy√     | Occupy       |

## Grammar

Choose the correct option according to grammar.

09608035

| Sr.  | Questions                     | (A)  | (B)                               | (C)                                     | (D)                             |
|------|-------------------------------|--|-----------------------------------|---|---------------------------------|
| i.   | A Simple Sentence contains:   | Only one verb√   | Two verbs                         | Two clauses                             | More than one verbs             |
| ii.  | A compound Sentence contains: | Two<br>dependant<br>clauses                              | One independent clause            | Two independent clauses                 | More than one dependant clauses |
| iii. | A Complex sentence contains:  | One independent clause and at least one dependent clause | More than one independent clauses | Only COU<br>Coordinating<br>conjunction | No<br>dependant<br>clause       |

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|-----------|---|-----------|-----------------------|----------------------|------------------|
| iv.       | He did not pick up<br>the call because he<br>was driving a car.<br>The underlined is: | phrase SS | Independent<br>clause | Subordinate clause   | Complex sentence |
| v.        | If you insist, I can not resist. The underlined is:                                   | phrase    | Independent           | Subordinate clause ✓ | Complex sentence |
| vi.       | Do you know the boy who stood first in the class. The underlined is:                  | phrase    | Independent clause    | Subordinate clause   | Complex sentence |
| vii.      | After completing my work, <u>I went</u> for shopping. The underlined is:              | Phrase    | Independent clause    | Subordinate          | Complex sentence |
| viii.     | After completing  my work, I went for shopping  The underlined is:                    | phrase    | Independent clause    | Subordinate clause   | Complex sentence |

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